## Functions

## Question Paper

| Course | EdexcellGCSE Maths |
| :--- | :--- |
| Section | 3. Sequences, Functions \& Graphs |
| Topic | Functions |
| Difficulty | Medium |

Time allowed: 80
Score: /63
Percentage: /100

## Question la

f and g are functions such that

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{2}{x^{2}} \quad \text { and } \quad \mathrm{g}(x)=4 x^{3}
$$

Find $\mathrm{f}(-5)$

## Question 1b

Find $\mathrm{fg}(1)$

## Question 2a

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{f}(x)=3 x-2 \\
& \mathrm{~g}(x)=\frac{10}{x+2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Express the inverse function $\mathrm{f}^{-1}$ in the form $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)=\ldots$

## Question 2b

Find $\operatorname{gf}(x)$
Simplify your answer.

## Question 3a

f is a function such that
$f(x)=\frac{1}{x^{2}+1}$
Find $\mathrm{f}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

## Question 3b

$g$ is a function such that
$\mathrm{g}(x)=\sqrt{x-1} \quad x \geqslant 1$
Find $\mathrm{f} g(x)$
Give your answer as simply as possible.

## Question 4a

f is the function $\mathrm{f}(x)=2 x+5$
Find $\mathrm{f}(3)$
[1 mark]

## Question 4b

Express the inverse function $\mathrm{f}^{-1}$ in the form $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)=$

## Question 4c

g is the function $\mathrm{g}(x)=x^{2}-25$
Findg $(-3)$

## Question 4d

(i)

Find $\operatorname{gf}(x)$
Give your answer as simply as possible.
(ii)

Solve $\operatorname{gf}(x)=0$

## Question 5a

The functions f and g are defined as

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{1}{2} x+4 \\
& \mathrm{~g}(x)=\frac{2 x}{x+1}
\end{aligned}
$$

Work out $\mathrm{f}(6)$

## Question 5b

Work out $\operatorname{fg}(-3)$

## Question 5c

$\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{a})=-2$
Work out the value of $a$.

## Question 5d

Express the inverse function $\mathrm{f}^{-1}$ in the form $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)=\ldots$

## Question 6a

$f$ is the function such that $f(x)=2 x-5$
$g$ is the function such that $g(x)=x^{2}-10$
Findf(4)

## Question 6b

Find $\mathrm{fg}(-4)$
[2 marks]

## Question 6c

Express the inverse function $f^{-1}$ in the form $f^{-1}(x)=.$.

## Question 6d

Solve gf $(x)=-1$

## Question 7a

The functions f and g are such that

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=3(x-4) \text { and } \mathrm{g}(x)=\frac{x}{5}+1
$$

Find the value of $f(10)$

## Question 7b

Find $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$

## Question 7c

Show that $\mathrm{ff}(x)=9 x-48$

## Question 8a

The function $f$ is defined as $f(x)=\frac{3}{4+x}$
Find the value of $f(1)$

## Question 8b

State which value of $x$ must be excluded from any domain of $f$.

## Question 8c

The function $g$ is defined as $g(x)=5+x$

Given that $g(a)=7$, find the value of $a$.

## Question 8d

Calculate $\mathrm{f} g(1)$

Question 8e
Find $\mathrm{fg}(x)$
Simplify your answer.

## Question 9a

The function $h$ is defined as

$$
\mathrm{h}(x)=\frac{2 x-4}{x}
$$

State the value of $X$ that cannot be included in the domain of $h$

## Question 9b

Express the inverse function $\mathrm{h}^{-1}$ in the form $\mathrm{h}^{-1}(x)=\ldots$

$$
\mathrm{h}^{-1}(x)=
$$

$\qquad$

## Question 10a

The function f is such that $\mathrm{f}(x)=(x-4)^{2}$ for all values of $x$.
Find f (1)

## Question 10b

State the range of the function f

## Question 10c

The function $g$ is such that $g(x)=\frac{4}{x+3} \quad x \neq-3$
Work out $\mathrm{fg}(2)$

## Question 11

$\mathrm{f}(x)=3 x$
Circle the expression for $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$

$$
-3 x \quad \frac{3}{x}
$$

$$
\frac{3}{x} \quad \frac{1}{3 x} \quad \frac{x}{3}
$$

## Question 12a

A function is represented by the following function machine.


A number is input into the machine.
The output is used as a new input.
The second output is 11 .
Work out the number that was the first input.

## Question 12b

A number is input into the machine.
The output given is the same number.

Work out the number.

## Question 13

$g(x)=2 x$ and $h(x)=\frac{x-1}{2}$
Circle the expression for $\operatorname{hg}(x)$

$$
\frac{2 x^{2}-x}{2} \quad \frac{2 x-1}{2} \quad x^{2}-x \quad x-1
$$

